

Antibiotic and Selection Reagent Usage for Resistant E. coli Cells

| | Stock Solutions | | | Working |
|----------|-----------------|--|---------------|--|
| ATCC No. | Antibiotic | Concentration | Storage Temp. | Concentrations |
| 60-2000 | Ampicillin | 10 mg/ml in water | -20°C | 20 to 125 μg/ml |
| 60-2003 | Chloramphenicol | 10 mg/ml in ethanol | −20°C | 25 to 170 μg/ml |
| 60-2001 | Kanamycin | 10 mg/ml in water | -20°C | 10 to 50 μg/ml |
| 60-2002 | Tetracycline | 5 to 10 mg/ml in 50% ethanol | -20°C | 10 to 50 μg/ml |
| 60-2004 | Carbenicillin | 5 mg/ml in water | −20°C | 50 to 100 μg/ml |
| 30-2303 | Gentamicin | 10 to 50 mg/ml in water | −20°C | 5 to 20 μg/ml |
| 30-2305 | G418 | 10 to 50 mg/ml in water or buffered solution | –20°C | Bacterial: 10 to 50 μg/ml Mammalian: 200 μg/ml for maintenance, ~400 μg/ml for selection Yeast: 0.5 to 1.0 mg/ml |
| 60-2005 | X-Gal | 20 mg/ml in dimethylformamide | –20°C | 40 to 50 μl/ml or 40 μl of stock solution spread onto surface of a 100-mm agar plate |
| 60-2006 | IPTG | 100 mM | –20°C | 0.01 mM or 40 μl of stock solution spread onto surface of a 100-mm agar plate |

- Store all antibiotic stock solutions in the dark at -20°C.
- Tetracycline must always be wrapped in foil and stored in the dark whether it is in stock solution, in broth, or in agar.
- Stock solutions in water must be filter sterilized through a 0.22-µm filter. Antibiotics dissolved in ethanol need not be sterilized.
- Do not use expired antibiotics to make stock solutions, as they may be labile and may result in inconsistent results.
- Add antibiotics to liquid medium immediately prior to use from properly stored sterile stock solutions.
- Lower concentrations are suitable for the selection of cells containing low copy number plasmids, higher concentrations for high copy number plasmids.
- Agar medium should be cooled to 50°C or lower before the addition of heat-sensitive antibiotics and nutrients.
- Plates should be stored upside down at 4°C in the dark (foil wrapped) for no longer than three months due to degradation of antibiotics.
- Magnesium is an antagonist to tetracycline; use media without magnesium salts when working with bacteria that are tetracycline resistant.

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